

The Birth of Christ is Eternally Important
Luke 1:26-33

The _____ makes 5 statements about Mary's son.

Luke 1:32-33

1. He will be _____

Everyone in Scripture, except for the Christ, had their _____.

Luke 1:15; 2 Samuel 7:8-9

The greatness of the Christ child was _____.

The unqualified use of "great", often connected with "_____", is reserved for _____ alone.

Deuteronomy 7:21; 10:17

_____ the _____, the greatest Old Testament prophet declared the greatness of Jesus.

John 3:30-31

The _____ quoted John the Baptist when he testified to the greatness of Jesus.

Acts 13:25

2. He will be called the Son of the _____.

Most High always refers to God.

Genesis 14:18-23

Jesus, as Son has the _____ of _____ and _____.

Luke 8:28

Jesus, _____ to be Son of the Most High, is _____.

Psalm 2:7; Acts 13:32-33; Romans 1:3-4
Hebrews 5:5

3. The Lord will give Him the throne of His _____.

2 Samuel 7:12-13, 16-17; Psalm 89:3-4;

Isaiah 9:7; Psalm 132:11

4. He will reign over the _____ of _____ forever.

Whether or not _____ received Him does not negate the reality of His rule and reign.

His sovereignty will, however, not be a passing, earthly sovereignty, but a _____ and _____ one, not over an earthly people but over the spiritual Israel.

Norval Geldenhuys, *The New International Commentary on the New Testament: The Gospel of Luke*, (Grand Rapids: WM. B. Eerdmans Publishing Co., 1983), 76

_____, whose name was changed to _____, stands as a representative for true Israel.

Romans 9:6-8

5. Of His _____ there will be no _____.

Daniel 2:44; 4:1-3; 6:25-26; 7:13-14

What does this mean to me today?

Since Jesus fulfills each of these five statements _____, I must never view or treat Jesus as _____ than who He actually is.

Philippians 2:9-11

We must always strive to be _____ to the perfect _____ of God in Christ.

1 John 3:2-3

If you are not "_____" then what is keeping you from _____ Jesus?

Hebrews 4:6-7