

A SOLID FOUNDATION FOR A GREAT CHURCH

God's Grace Builds Strong Relationships

Ephesians 2:19-22

What you _____ is not what you _____.

Ephesians 2:19

“You” is a reference to _____.

Ephesians 2:11-13

“So then” refers to the _____ of the work of the _____.

Ephesians 2:18

Everything about who you were is now _____ with.

You are no longer _____.

_____ used this word in reference to _____.

Matthew 25:35

You are no longer _____.

Exodus 22:21

There has been a _____ in your life.

Ephesians 2:19

You are now in a _____.

“Fellow citizens” reveals the _____:

Philippians 3:20

“with the Saints” reveals that the Gentile Christians are now _____ right along side Christian Jews.

1 Corinthians 1:2

You are now in a _____: the narrow picture.

Ephesians 2:19

Christian Gentiles are now _____ of the _____.

This _____ is in God's household.

1 Timothy 3:15; Galatians 6:10

God has _____ His own special _____ project.
Ephesians 2:20

Paul uses _____ terminology to show contrast between the temple of _____ and God's temple in his elect.

Ephesians 3:18; 1 Timothy 3:15

Christian Jews and Gentiles are being built together on _____ and in great _____.

1 Corinthians 3:9

There are three key ingredients which form the solid _____ of this structure called the Church.

1. The teaching of the _____
Acts 2:42

2. The teachings of the New Testament
_____.

1 Corinthians 12:28–29; Ephesians 3:4–5

3. Jesus Christ himself being the _____ and _____ of the Church.

1 Corinthians 3:11; Psalm 118:22;

Isaiah 28:16; Matthew 21:42

The household of God must be a _____ in Christ.

Ephesians 2:21

Being “joined together” means there is no place for _____ in this Holy Temple.

1 Corinthians 12:12–13

This holy temple is _____.

This holy temple is growing in its _____.
Acts 2:47

This holy temple is growing in its _____.

1 Corinthians 3:12–13

All Christians must _____ “in Christ”.

Ephesians 2:22

“Being built together” is a natural consequence of God's _____.

1 Corinthians 3:16–17; Colossians 3:11

_____ is not optional, but occurs _____ as each part does its job.

Ephesians 4:15–16; 1 Peter 2:4–5

Verses 18 and 22 form an _____ which reveals the work of the _____.

Ephesians 2:18; 2:22